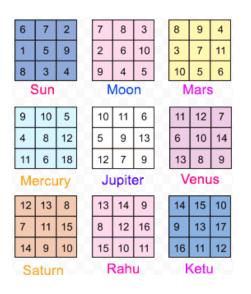
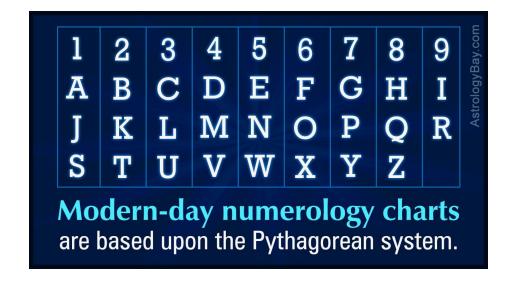


5G Numerology



Numerology?

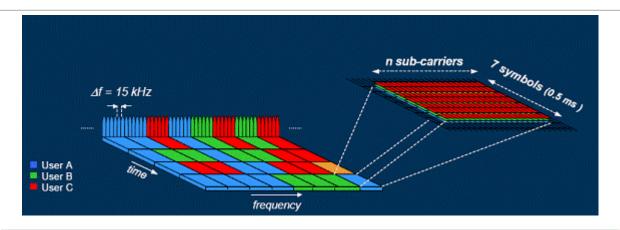


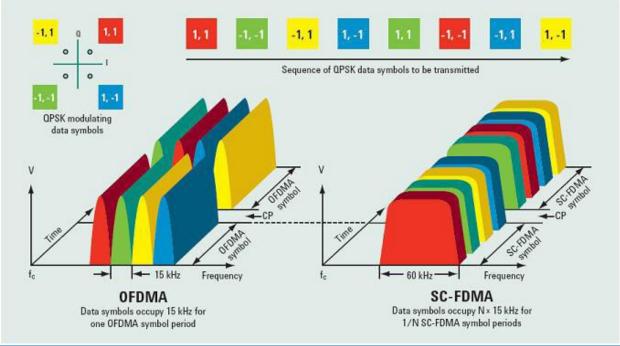




Numerology is any belief in the divine, mystical relationship between a number and one or more coinciding events. It is also the study of the numerical value of the letters in words, names and ideas. It is often associated with the paranormal, alongside astrology and similar divinatory arts. – Wikipedia

OFDMA Transmission Scheme in LTE

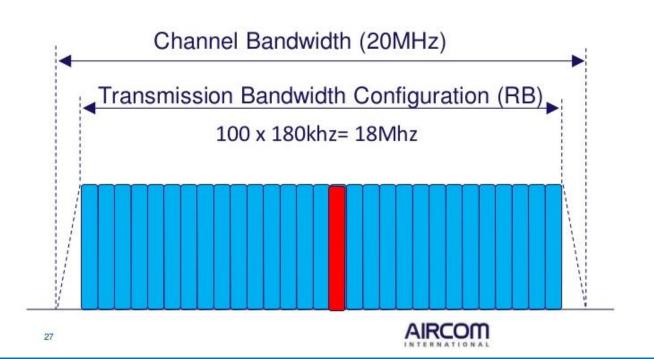




Source

LTE Channel Bandwidth

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Transmission Bandwidth Config. (RB)	6	15	25	50	75	100
Number of Subcarriers	72	180	300	600	900	1200
Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	1.08	2.7	4.5	9.0	13.5	18.0



20 MHz

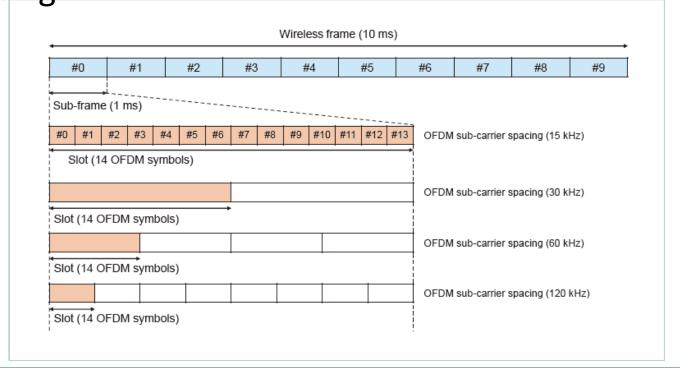
12 subcarriers in the frequency domain x Carrier spacing 15 kHz = 180 kHz

© 2013 AIRCOM International Ltd Source: Aircom

5G NR (New Radio) Radio Frame

- The 5G NR Radio Frame is in units of 10ms
- Subframes are defined in units of 1ms

 Slots are defines as 14 OFDM Symbols and their time interval depends on sub-carrier spacing



Source: NTT Docomo

Scalable OFDM numerology to efficiently address diverse spectrum, deployments, and services



Outdoor macro coverage e.g., FDD 700 MHz Subcarrier spacing e.g. 15 kHz e.g. 1, 5, 10 and 20 MHz

2ⁿ scaling of subcarrier spacing

Outdoor macro and small cell e.g., TDD 3-5 GHz

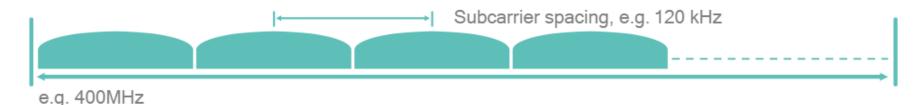


Indoor wideband

e.g., unlicensed 6 GHz



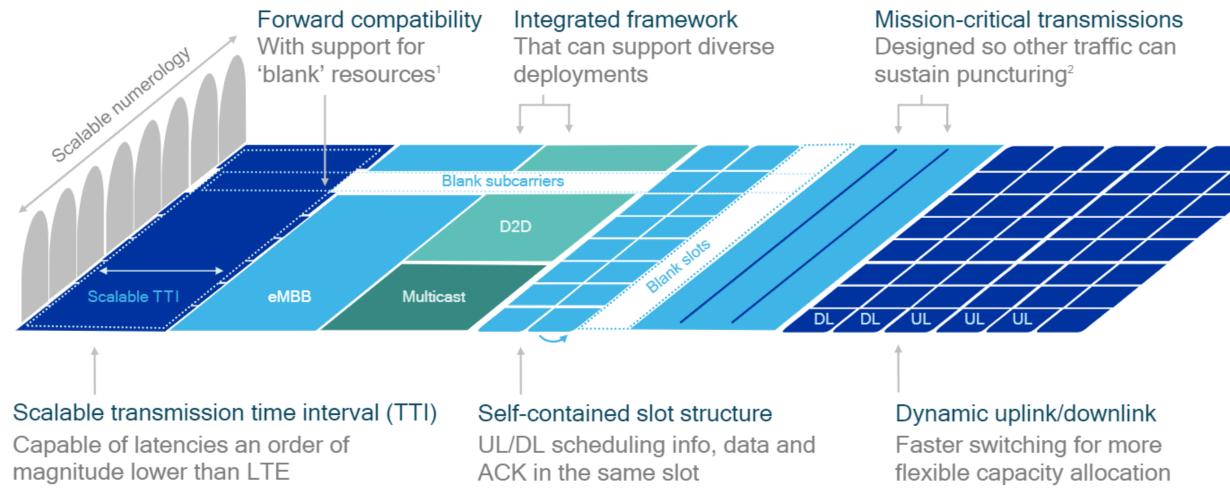
mmWave e.g., TDD 28 GHz



Example usage models and channel bandwidths

Flexible, forward compatible framework efficiently multiplexes envisioned and future 5G services





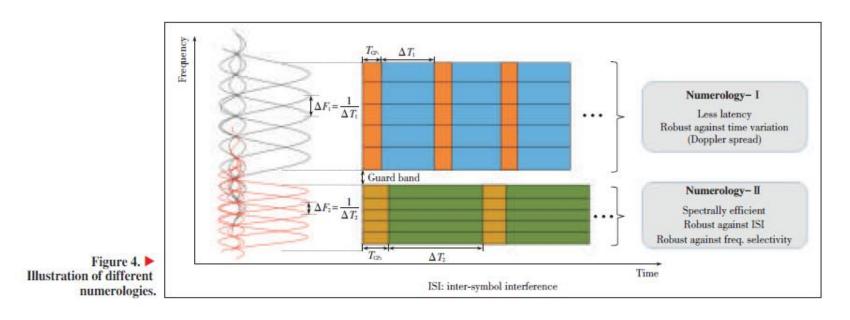
^{1.} Blank resources may still be utilized, but are designed in a way to not limit future feature introductions

Source: Qualcomm

^{2.} Nominal 5G access to be designed such that it is capable to sustain puncturing from mission-critical transmission or bursty interference

5G Numerology?

In the context of 3GPP 5G standardization contributions, the term numerology refers to the configuration of waveform parameters, and different numerologies are considered as OFDM-based sub-frames having different parameters such as subcarrier spacing/symbol time, CP size, etc.



Source: **ZTE**

June 2017 Vol.15 No. S1 ZTE COMMUNICATIONS 17

Subcarrier Spacing

- The NR subcarrier spacing is defined as 15 x 2ⁿ kHz, where n can take positive values at the moment
 - n = 0, $15 \times 2^0 = 15 \text{ kHz}$
 - n = 1, $15 \times 2^1 = 30 \text{ kHz}$
 - n = 2, $15 \times 2^2 = 60 \text{ kHz}$
 - n = 3, $15 \times 2^3 = 120 \text{ kHz}$
 - n = 4, $15 \times 2^4 = 240 \text{ kHz}$
- In future n can take both positive and negative values
 - n = -1, $15 \times 2^{-1} = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$
 - n = -2, 15 x 2^{-2} = 3.75 kHz \rightarrow same as LTE NB-IoT subcarrier spacing

D3G4G 36

Thank You

To learn more, visit:

```
3G4G Website – <a href="http://www.3g4g.co.uk/">http://www.3g4g.co.uk/</a>
```

3G4G Blog – http://blog.3g4g.co.uk/

3G4G Small Cells Blog – http://smallcells.3g4g.co.uk/

Operator Watch - http://operatorwatch.3g4g.co.uk/

Follow us on Twitter: https://twitter.com/3g4gUK

Follow us on Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/3g4gUK/

Follow us on Linkedin: https://www.linkedin.com/company/3g4g

Follow us on Slideshare: https://www.slideshare.net/3G4GLtd

Follow us on Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/3G4G5G

Follow us on Storify: https://storify.com/3g4gUK

©3G4G